



John J. Androski WW2 Sailor

John J. Androski enlisted in the US Navy on at , . I have heard from family members of this sailor and it looks like the sailor's name is James J. rather than John J. as is typed in the Report of Changes log..

- **ROC:** Report of Change.
- **MROTC:** Quarterly report (Status/Change columns remain blank).
- **TRAN:** Transferred OFF the USS Caperton.
- **REC:** Received ON TO the USS Caperton.
- **LONP:** List of Non-enlisted Passengers
- **LOEP:** List of Enlisted Passengers
- **ROCOP:** Report of Changes in Officer Personnel

The Muster Rolls used to obtain this information recorded all transitional activity including being received onto the Caperton, Leaving the Caperton, Promotions, and demotions.

The Source for the above information is from the **Muster Roll**

NAVY 655-B
(Revised October 1942)
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REPORT OF CHANGES

SFD 6 1943

period of U. S. S. CAPEERTON (DD650)
for the month ending 26th day of AUGUST, 1943, date of sailing
from ----- to -----

1	2	3	4			5
			DAY	MO	YR	
1 NAMES (Alphabetically arranged without regard to ratings, with surname to the left and the first name written in full)	SERVICE NUMBER (The service number must under no condition be omitted)	Rating at Date of Last Report				Place of Enlistment
1 UPTON, Everett Marshall Jr.	761-91-44	S2c(V6)	24	APR	43	NRS, Boston, Mass
2						
3	<u>CHANGES IN OFFICER PERSONNEL:</u>					
4	John J. Androski, Lieutenant, (MC), U.S.N.R. was transferred to					
5	the U.S. Naval Hospital, Bermuda for treatment.					
6	<u>DIAGNOSIS: Appendicitus Acute.</u>					
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14						
15						

6	7	8	9
Branch of Service	Referred, transferred, deserted, discharged, change of rating, death, or any other change of status	Date of Occurrence in column 7	Vessel or station from which received, to what vessel or station transferred, where discharged and character of discharge; where deserted, and amount due or overpaid. Where died, cause of death and where and when buried. If rated and authority for same. If directed, give cause; if on detached duty, give place of duty. If passenger, give purpose of travel and final disposition.
1 USNR	TRANS	8-25-43	TRANS TO USNH, Bermuda for treatment. <u>Diagnosis: Catarrh Fever.</u>
2			
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4			
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7			
8	cc: Comdt. Fifteenth Naval District.		
9	ComDeslant.		
10			
11			
12			
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14			
15			

This form to be submitted by commanding officers of all ships and stations, whenever any ship or station is commissioned or placed out of commission, on the last day of each month showing all changes for the month for which submitted; also upon sailing from one port to another, by commanding officers of point of origin of transfer and point of destination of enlisted personnel.

About the name of the USS Caperton

The USS Caperton was named after Admiral William Banks Caperton (1855 - 1941). Admiral William Banks Caperton was born at Spring Hill, Tennessee, June 30, 1855. He attended the Spring Hill Academy and graduated from the United States Naval Academy, 1875, the Naval War College, 1906. He was commissioned an Ensign, United States Navy, August 3, 1877, and advanced through the grades to Rear Admiral, February 14, 1913 and was advanced to Admiral on the retired list, June 30, 1919. He served on various ships and stations, 1875-1896; with Naval Intelligence, Washington, 1896; USS Brooklyn, 1897; Executive Officer, USS Marietta, 1899; Inspector, Naval Gun Factory, 1901; Executive Officer, USS Prairie, 1904; at the Naval War College, 1904; Light House Inspector, 15th Naval District, 1907; commander, USS Denver, 1908; commander, USS Maine, 1909; Naval Secretary, Lighthouse Board, 1910; Naval War College, 1910; member of the Naval Examining and Retirement Board, 1912; Commandant, Naval Station, Newport, Rhode Island and 2nd Naval District, 1913; appointed commander in Atlantic Reserve Fleet, November 25, 1914; Commander, Carrier Squadron, Atlantic Fleet, 1916; In command of the Naval Forces that intervened at Vera Cruz; 1915 and in Santo Domingo, 1916; designated Commander in Chief, U.S. Fleet, July 28, 1916 with the rank of Admiral. In charge of patrol of the east coast of South America during World War I; represented, with the rank of Ambassador, at the inauguration of President Avelas of Brazil and the inauguration of Dr. Brum as President of Paraguay, 1919. He was relieved of command of the fleet on April 29, 1919. He died on December 21, 1941 and was buried in Section 2 of Arlington National Cemetery. His wife, Georgie Langhorne Blacklocke Caperton, is buried with him.

He is buried in Arlington National Cemetery. For additional information on the Admiral and the Caperton name, visit the Caperton Family History website at www.capertonsociety.org

